# Highlights of Purdue Computes

**Strategic Pillar Reports 2024-25** 



## Purdue Computes: Computing

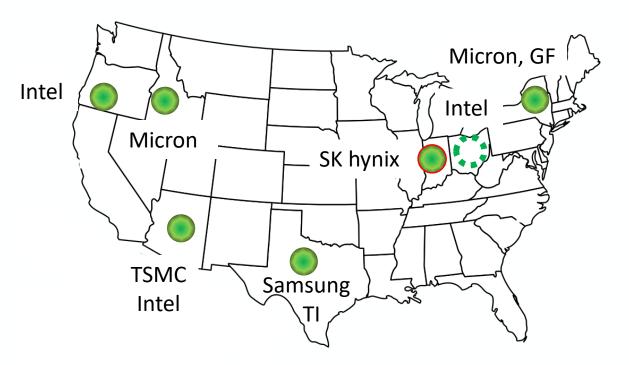
- Largest undergraduate STEM enrollment in U.S.
- Top National Rankings:
  - CS/Cybersecurity: #6
  - CS/Software Engineering: #10
  - Electrical Engineering: grad #7
  - Computer Engineering: grad #8
- New Al Computing Resources Gautschi cluster
  - Performs quadrillion calculations per second
  - #7 among U.S. universities
  - High performance compute clusters served more than 3,800 faculty and graduate students and 66 departments





### Purdue Computes: Semiconductors

#### Purdue now leads one of 5 clusters in U.S.



The stage is now set for an even bigger opportunity: To become the heart of the Silicon Heartland

### 5-year goal:

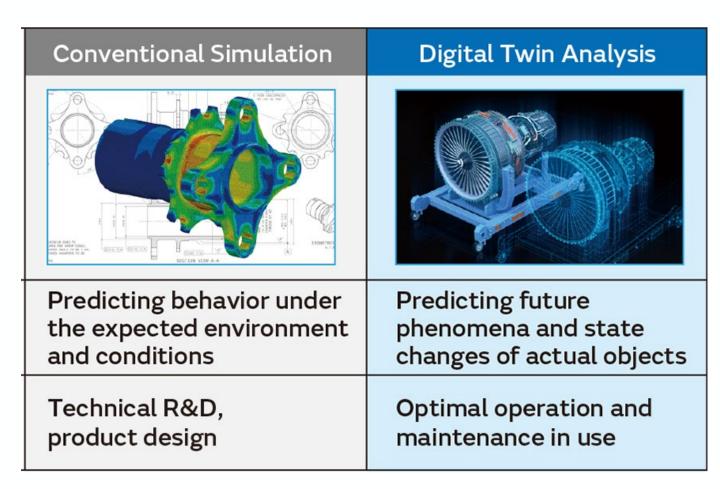
To create a major, new U.S. semiconductor cluster consisting of:

- Manufacturing
- Supply chain partners
- Design
- Workforce development
- Research & innovation
- Start-up ecosystem

With the critical mass needed to support national security, grow Indiana's economy, and expand opportunities for Purdue students and faculty for years to come.

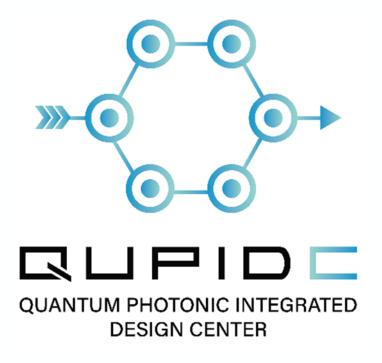
### Purdue Computes: Physical Al

- Institute for Physical AI: one example below
- Catalyzing the Development of Digital Twins and their data repositories
  - Lead Academic Center for Digital Twins for semiconductors and advanced packaging
  - Digital Twin and Robotic Information Center
  - Digital Twin for Manufacturing
  - Digital Twin for Oncology
  - Digital Twin for Agriculture and Forestry
  - Digital Twin for Nuclear Reactors
- Expanding the Post-doc Program
- Fostering growth of Centers



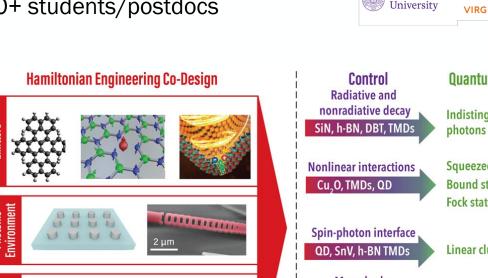


### Purdue Computes: Quantum (one example below)

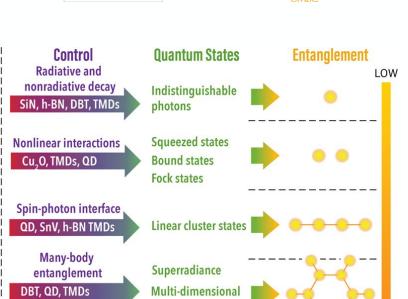


Led by Purdue University 8 partners and 17 Pls 13. 9M/4 years 30+ students/postdocs

Laser Drying Field



Inhomogeneity



cluster states

Los Alamos

Northwestern

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO



To discover, design, and realize robust many-body entangled photon and matter states through multi-scale co-designing strategies in heterogeneous solid-state photonic systems.